AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1-18. (Cancelled)

19. (Previously presented) A method comprising:

selecting a test PAD (programmed attenuation) value for a communications

selecting a test CODEC type for the communication system;

calculating a sum of absolute errors between average received values multiplied

by the test PAD value and nearest CODEC linear values for the CODEC type,

selecting a minimum absolute error value based upon the calculation; and

calculating a PAD estimate based on the minimum absolute error value; and

identifying a CODEC for the communication system based on the minimum

absolute error value.

system;

20. (Currently amended) The method of claims 19 claim 19, wherein the

communication system comprises a first modem connected to a second modem through a

digital communications network.

21. (Currently amended) The method of elaims 20 claim 20, wherein the

communication system has a repetition frame size of one or more slots.

22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein calculation of

the sum of absolute errors is repeated by selecting the test PAD value iteratively to find

the minimum error

23. (Previously presented) The method of claim 22, wherein a first test PAD fraction is selected to have a value of 1.0, and is decremented to a value of .25 for repeated calculations of summing absolute errors.

 (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, further comprising: storing a plurality of PAD values corresponding to different time slots in a repetition frame, and

grouping the PAD values into bins of similar values and using the average of the PAD values in the most populated bin to form the PAD estimate.

 (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, further comprising: storing a plurality of minimum errors corresponding to different time slots in a repetition frame for a plurality of CODEC types;

summing the minimum stored errors for each type of CODEC; and selecting a CODEC type having a lowest summed minimum error.

- 26. (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the CODEC type comprises mu-law encoding.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the CODEC type comprises A-law encoding.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, wherein the CODEC is a D4 channel bank CODEC.

- (Previously presented) The method of claim 25, further comprising detecting the CODEC by finding an error maximum at the PAD estimate in a robbed bit signaling (RBS) time slot.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 19, wherein the summed absolute error is determined according to the equation;

$$\sum_{n=l:code 105}^{l:code 105} \left[RcdSample_n \times TestFrac - SLICED [RcdSample_n \times TestFrac] \right]$$
 Error,
$$= \frac{r_{e-l:code 72}}{TestFrac}$$

where:

Error, = summed absolute error

SLICED[x] = G.711 value closest to x

Ucode# = PCM (pulse code modulation) symbol pursuant to V.90 specification

 $RcdSample_n$ = average received value from DIL sequences corresponding to the particular Ucode#

TestFrac = constant

for mu-law or A-law CODECs or type D4 channel bank CODECs.

- (Previously presented) The method of claim 30, further comprising adjusting the value of TestFrac to produce a minimum error.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 31, wherein the value of TestFrac is between 1.0 and 0.25.

33. (Previously presented) An apparatus comprising:

a first modem: and

a second modem connected to the first modem through a digital communications network, with repetition frame (RF) size of one or more slots;

the first modem to detect and measure an actual value of programmed attenuation (PAD) in a digital trunk and to detect a type of CODEC, the first modem to:

select a plurality of test values, where each said test value corresponds to a PAD value,

select one or more CODEC types,

calculate a minimum error between preprocessed received signal values and the type of CODEC linear values for a test PAD value,

calculate a PAD estimate based on the minimum error, and identify a CODEC type based on the minimum error.

- (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 33, wherein the first modem is to iteratively select PAD test values until an optimum minimum error is found.
- 35. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 33, wherein the first modem is to store a plurality of PAD values corresponding to different time slots in a repetition frame, and group the plurality of PAD values into bins of similar values and use the average of the PAD values in the most populated bin to form the PAD estimate.
- 36. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 33, further comprising wherein the first modem is to store a plurality of minimum errors corresponding to different time slots in a repetition frame for a plurality of CODEC types, sum the

Attorney Docket No.: 42P12962C Application No.: 10/805,102 minimum stored errors for each type of CODEC, and select a CODEC type having a lowest summed minimum error

- (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 36, wherein the CODEC is of type standard compliant mu-law or A-law encoding.
- (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 36, wherein the CODEC is a D4 channel bank CODEC.
- 39. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 36, wherein first modem is to detect a CODEC by finding an error maximum at the PAD estimate in a robbed bit signaling (RBS) time slot.
- 40. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 33, wherein the first modem determines a summed absolute error according to the equation:

$$\sum_{s=t \in Sede(0)}^{t \in Sede(0)} \{RcdSample_{s} \times TestFrac - SLICED[RcdSample_{s} \times TestFrac]\}$$

$$Error_{a} = \frac{s-t \cdot Cooler \cdot 2}{TestFrac}$$

where:

 $Error_n = summed absolute error$

SLICED[x] = G.711 value closest to x

Ucode# = PCM symbol pursuant to V.90 specification

RedSample,= average received value from DIL sequences corresponding to the particular Ucode#

TestFrac = constant

for mu-law or A-law CODECs or type D4 channel bank CODEC.

- (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 40, wherein the first modem is to adjust the value of TestFrac to produce a minimum error.
- 42. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 41, wherein the value of TestFrac is between 1.0 and 0.25
- (Currently amended) The apparatus of claim 33, wherein the apparatus is to preprocessing preprocess a received signal to reduce signal impairment.
- 44. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 43, wherein preprocessing comprises one or more of minimizing correlative analog impairments; averaging signal noise; and compensating for harmonic distortion.